- 教材讨论
 - -JH第3章第7节第1小节、第2小节的集合覆盖问题、第4小节的开头部分

问题1: 用0-1规划建模

• 0-1 KP

Maximize
$$\sum_{i=1}^n v_i x_i$$
 subject to $\sum_{i=1}^n w_i x_i \leqslant W, \qquad x_i \in \{0,1\}$

问题1: 用0-1规划建模

• multiple KP

- *n* items and *m* knapsacks with capacities W_j maximize $\sum_{i=1}^{m} \sum_{j=1}^{n} p_j x_{ij}$ subject to $\sum_{j=1}^{n} w_j x_{ij} \leq W_i$, for all $1 \leq i \leq m$ $\sum_{i=1}^{m} x_{ij} \leq 1$, for all $1 \leq j \leq n$ $x_{ij} \in \{0, 1\}$ for all $1 \leq j \leq n$ and all $1 \leq i \leq m$

- 0-1 multidimensional KP
 - e.g., with both a volume limit and a weight limit

maximize
$$\sum_{j=1}^{n} p_j x_j$$

subject to $\sum_{j=1}^{n} w_{ij} x_j \leq W_i$, for all $1 \leq i \leq m$
 $x_j \in \{0, 1\}$

• SCP



under the following n linear constraints

$$\sum_{j \in \text{Index}(k)} x_j \ge 1 \text{ for } k = 1, \dots, n.$$

• MS

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{minimize} & t \\ \text{subject to} & \displaystyle \sum_{i \in M} x_{ij} = 1, \qquad j \in J \\ \end{array}$

$$\begin{split} & \underset{i \in M}{\sum_{j \in J} x_{ij} p_{ij} \leq t, \quad i \in M \\ & x_{ij} \in \{0, 1\}, \quad i \in M, \ j \in J \end{split}$$

• MAX-SAT

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{maximize} & \sum_{c \in \mathcal{C}} z_c \\ \text{subject to} & \forall c \in \mathcal{C} : \ \sum_{i \in S_c^+} y_i + \sum_{i \in S_c^-} (1 - y_i) \geq z_c \\ & \forall c \in \mathcal{C} : \ z_c \in \{0, 1\} \\ & \forall i : \ y_i \in \{0, 1\} \end{array}$

minimize

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} c(v_i) \cdot x_i.$$

 $\begin{aligned} x_i \in \{0, 1\} \\ x_i + x_j \ge 1 \text{ for every } \{v_i, v_j\} \in E \end{aligned}$

• maximum matching

maximize

$$\sum_{e \in E} x_e$$

under the |V| constraints

$$\sum_{e \in E(v)} x_e \leq 1 \ \text{ for every } v \in V,$$

and the following |E| constraints

 $x_e \in \{0,1\}$ for every $e \in E$.

• WEIGHT-CL

$$\max \sum_{i=1}^{n} w_i x_i,$$

s.t. $x_i + x_j \leq 1, \forall (i, j) \in \overline{E}$,

 $x_i \in \{0, 1\}, \ i = 1, \dots, n.$

• The **facility location problem** consists of a set of potential facility *F* that can be opened, and a set of cities *C* that must be serviced. The goal is to pick a subset of facilities to open, to minimize the sum of distances from each city to its nearest facility, plus the sum of opening costs of the facilities.

minimize	$\sum_{i \in F, \ j \in C} c_{ij} x_{ij} + \sum_{i \in F} f_i y_i$	
subject to	$\sum_{i \in F} x_{ij} = 1,$	$j\in C$
	$y_i - x_{ij} \ge 0,$	$i \in F, j \in C$
	$x_{ij} \in \{0, 1\},\$	$i \in F, j \in C$
	$y_i \in \{0, 1\},\$	$i \in F$

• TSP

$$\min z = \sum_{j=2}^{j=n} \sum_{i=1}^{j-1} c_{ij} x_{ij},$$

subject to: and the loop constraints

$$x_{ij}=0, 1, (i=1, \dots, j-1; j=2, \dots, n)$$

$$\sum_{i \in S} \sum_{j \in S} x_{ij} \ge 2,$$

for all nonempty partitions (S, \bar{S}) such that if (S, \bar{S}) is considered (\bar{S}, S) is not.



问题2: rounding

- 什么是一个好的rounding?
 - The obtained rounded integral solution is a feasible solution.
 - The cost has not been changed too much.

• SCP(k)可以怎样rounding? 得到的结果有多好?

minimize
$$\sum_{i=1}^{m} x_i$$

under the constraints

$$\sum_{h \in Index(a_j)} x_h \ge 1 \text{ for } j = 1, \dots, n,$$

 $x_i \in \{0, 1\}$ for $i = 1, \dots, m$,

• WEIGHT-VCP可以怎样rounding? 得到的结果有多好?

minimize

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} c(v_i) \cdot x_i.$$

 $\begin{aligned} &x_i \in \{0,1\} \\ &x_i + x_j \geq 1 \text{ for every } \{v_i,v_j\} \in E \end{aligned}$

- MAX-SAT可以怎样rounding? 你会分析结果的好坏吗?
 - $\begin{array}{ll} \text{maximize} & \sum_{c \in \mathcal{C}} z_c \\ \text{subject to} & \forall c \in \mathcal{C} : \sum_{i \in S_c^+} y_i + \sum_{i \in S_c^-} (1 y_i) \geq z_c \\ & \forall c \in \mathcal{C} : z_c \in \{0, 1\} \\ & \forall i : y_i \in \{0, 1\} \end{array}$
- randomized rounding

- 我们能用类似的方法处理WEIGHT-VCP吗?
 - 如果能: 请给出具体的做法
 - 如果不能: 请说明原因

minimize

$$\sum_{i=1}^n c(v_i) \cdot x_i.$$

 $\begin{aligned} x_i \in \{0, 1\} \\ x_i + x_j \ge 1 \text{ for every } \{v_i, v_j\} \in E \end{aligned}$

问题3: 广义的relaxation

- relaxation并不限于LP, 它是一种思想
 - 在更大范围内求解更容易的一个问题, 再修正到原始范围
- 你能利用这个思想给出一个求最长哈密尔顿圈的近似算法吗?
 提示:哈密尔顿圈和匹配之间有什么关系?
- 偶数个顶点:哈密尔顿圈=2个匹配
 - 将找最长哈密尔顿圈松弛为找一个最大匹配(再补齐为哈密尔顿圈)– 得到的结果有多好?
- 奇数个顶点:哈密尔顿圈=3个匹配
 - 同理