

# IO in C

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1 课程简介

2 IO

忠告：不要在周五的晚上写代码！



# C 还是 C++?

## C 语言是基础:

- ▶ IO
- ▶ Control Flow
- ▶ Function
- ▶ Array (String) & Pointers
- ▶ Struct

## C++ 语言的特性:

- ▶ OO (Object-oriented)
- ▶ Templates
- ▶ STL (Standard Template Library)
- ▶ FP (Functional Programming)
- ▶ Concurrency

先学习 C 语言; 是否学习 C++ 视情况而定。

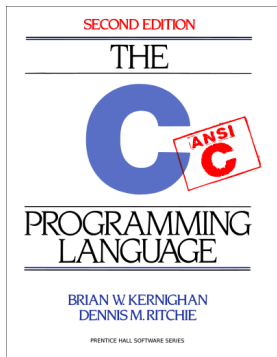
# 课程形式

**讲解** 语言知识点、常见的“坑” (点到为止)

**练习** 指定 OJ 题目：互助练习、从旁辅导

**课后** 继续完成 OJ 剩余题目

## 参考资料



Hello World!

<http://www.cplusplus.com/>

<http://en.cppreference.com/w/>

听说你还没有注册过 …



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## IO 基本概念

IO 模型：字符流 (character stream)

- ▶ a sequence of characters divided into lines
- ▶ each line consists of  $\geq 0$  characters followed by a newline character

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

## 字符输入输出: getchar, putchar

```
int getchar(void);  
int putchar(int character);
```

代码示例: file-copy.c

代码运行: gcc file-copy.c -o file-copy ./file-copy

代码运行: ./file-copy <file-copy-file (OJ 测试用例)

# EOF

EOF (文件结束符): 由宏定义的整型数

- ▶ EOF 是整型数 (`int c; != EOF`)
- ▶ EOF 不是实际字符, 不同于行结束符 “\n” (`== '\n'`)
- ▶ EOF 不单单指示“文件”的结束, 而是指示字符流的结束

Windows `Ctrl + Z`

Linux `Ctrl + D`

Mac `Ctrl + D`

## 格式化输出: printf

```
int printf(const char* format, ...);
```

format: %[flags][width][.precision][length]specifier

常用的输出格式:

Decimal integer %d, %ld

Decimal float %f, %.2f

Character %c

String %s, %.5s

代码示例: printf.c

使用 `printf('%s', s)`, 不要使用 `printf(s)`。

## 其它格式化输出函数: fprintf, sprintf

```
int fprintf(FILE *stream, const char *format, ...);
```

```
int sprintf(char *str, const char *format, ...);
```

## 格式化输入: scanf

```
int scanf(const char *format, ...)
```

1. Read characters from the standard input
2. Interpret according to format
3. Store in arguments (pointers)

format:

- ▶ Whitespace character
- ▶ Non-whitespace character, except format specifier (%)
- ▶ Format specifiers: %[\*] [width] [length] specifier

## 格式化输入: scanf

代码示例: `scanf.c`

Return value:

**Success** # of items of the argument list successfully filled

- ▶  $\leq$  # of arguments

**Failure** EOF

- ▶ reading error (`ferror`), end-of-file (`feof`)

## 其它格式化输入函数: fscanf, sscanf

```
int fscanf(FILE *stream, const char *format, ...);
```

```
int sscanf(const char *s, const char *format, ...);
```



# 行输入输出

```
char *fgets(char *str, int num, FILE *stream);  
char *gets(char *str);  
int puts(const char *str);
```

# OJ 练习之 IO

OJ 练习示例 (1.1.1)

1.1.1 ~ 1.1.6      1.2.2

# OJ 常见输入模式

IO 练习之总结与分享